## THE FIFTH SCHEDULE

[See section 12(1)(b)]

The following grounds give rise to justifiable doubts as to the independence or impartiality of arbitrators:

## Arbitrator's relationship with the parties or counsel

- 1. The arbitrator is an employee, consultant, advisor or has any other past or present business relationship with a party.
  - 2. The arbitrator currently represents or advises one of the parties or an affiliate of one of the parties.
  - 3. The arbitrator currently represents the lawyer or law firm acting as counsel for one of the parties.
  - 4. The arbitrator is a lawyer in the same law firm which is representing one of the parties.
- 5. The arbitrator is a manager, director or part of the management, or has a similar controlling influence, in an affiliate of one of the parties if the affiliate is directly involved in the matters in dispute in the arbitration.
- 6. The arbitrator's law firm had a previous but terminated involvement in the case without the arbitrator being involved himself or herself.
- 7. The arbitrator's law firm currently has a significant commercial relationship with one of the parties or an affiliate of one of the parties.
- 8. The arbitrator regularly advises the appointing party or an affiliate of the appointing party even though neither the arbitrator nor his or her firm derives a significant financial income therefrom.
- 9. The arbitrator has a close family relationship with one of the parties and in the case of companies with the persons in the management and controlling the company.
- 10. A close family member of the arbitrator has a significant financial interest in one of the parties or an affiliate of one of the parties.
  - 11. The arbitrator is a legal representative of an entity that is a party in the arbitration.
- 12. The arbitrator is a manager, director or part of the management, or has a similar controlling influence in one of the parties.
  - 13. The arbitrator has a significant financial interest in one of the parties or the outcome of the case.
- 14. The arbitrator regularly advises the appointing party or an affiliate of the appointing party, and the arbitrator or his or her firm derives a significant financial income therefrom.

## Relationship of the arbitrator to the dispute

- 15. The arbitrator has given legal advice or provided an expert opinion on the dispute to a party or an affiliate of one of the parties.
  - 16. The arbitrator has previous involvement in the case.

## Arbitrator's direct or indirect interest in the dispute

- 17. The arbitrator holds shares, either directly or indirectly, in one of the parties or an affiliate of one of the parties that is privately held.
- 18. A close family member of the arbitrator has a significant financial interest in the outcome of the dispute.
- 19. The arbitrator or a close family member of the arbitrator has a close relationship with a third party who may be liable to recourse on the part of the unsuccessful party in the dispute.